## Columbia College Chicago Digital Commons @ Columbia College Chicago

Columbia Chronicle

**College Publications** 

11-9-1987

# Columbia Chronicle (11/09/1987)

Columbia College Chicago

Follow this and additional works at: http://digitalcommons.colum.edu/cadc\_chronicle

Part of the Journalism Studies Commons

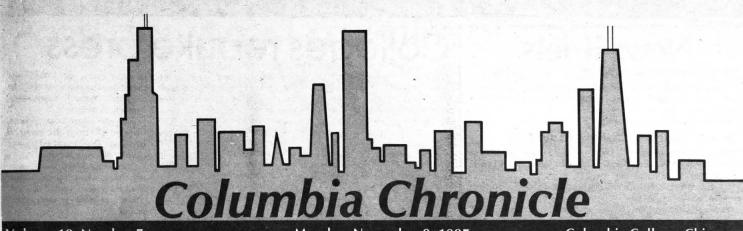


This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial-No Derivative Works 4.0 License.

#### **Recommended** Citation

Columbia College Chicago, "Columbia Chronicle (11/9/1987)" (November 9, 1987). *Columbia Chronicle*, College Publications, College Archives & Special Collections, Columbia College Chicago. http://digitalcommons.colum.edu/cadc\_chronicle/232

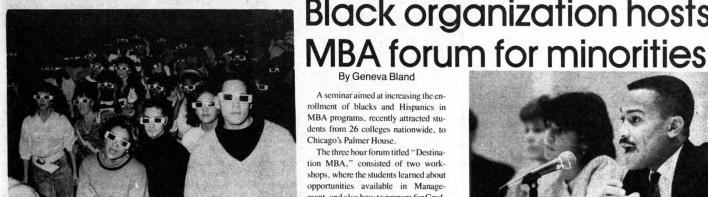
This Book is brought to you for free and open access by the College Publications at Digital Commons @ Columbia College Chicago. It has been accepted for inclusion in Columbia Chronicle by an authorized administrator of Digital Commons @ Columbia College Chicago.



Volume 18, Number 7

Monday, November 9, 1987

Columbia College, Chicago Black organization hosts



in 3-D glasses, students at the Class Bash view the "3-D Experience."

# Student bash ignites unity

#### By Penny Mateck

More than 500 students bopped to the beat and shook the floor of the Blackstone Hotel's Crystal Ballroom during the "Class Bash" Fri. Oct. 30.

"It's quite a good turnout tonight," aid John Moore, dean of student affairs. "I'm very impressed."

The "Bash," the final leg of new student orientation, was designed to showcase work done by advanced students and to introduce new students to various faculty members

"The point of this is people don't understand the gems that are at Columbia," said Mark Kelly, director of Academic Advising. "If there's going to be school spirit here it's going to be about what people produce.

The first leg of the "Bash" took place at the Getz Theater. The "Multi-Arts Showcase" featured 17 student works from various departments including Theater, Video, Music and Film, Dance. The two performances saw more than 500 in attendance.

"I really enjoyed the showcase. It very creative," said Freshman Brenda Baumann, an advertising art major. "I liked 'Cat and Rat' " she said in reference to a film in the showcase by James Richardson.

At 9 p.m. all students were invited to

News

**Polish** journalist

speaks on

censorship

WCRX-FM (88.1) disc jockey Mark involved with the project.

"I wanted to see what it's all about and be among the students," McGill said. "When you're in radio, you don't see too many students."

In the other corner of the room, the Art Department had a huge white sheet of paper upon which those in attendance could leave a message or sign their name

portunity for everyone to remember this (occasion) by putting something together in a fun way," Kelly said.

donned their glasses to watch the "3-D Experience," a slide presentation put together by Columbia student Jeff Mickey

Stacy Stevens, a student coordinator

"Hopefully they're (students) going

Pierre Downing, student producer for the "Class Bash" was unavailable

MBA programs, recently attracted students from 26 colleges nationwide, to Chicago's Palmer House. The three hour forum titled "Destina-

By Geneva Bland A seminar aimed at increasing the enrollment of blacks and Hispanics in

tion MBA," consisted of two workshops, where the students learned about opportunities available in Management, and also how to prepare for Graduate Business School

Ten panelists from various colleges gave accounts of their personal experiences while studying for the MBA degree

Lolita Smith, an MBA student at University of Illinois, spoke firmly and frankly to the crowd of more than 500.

"I am not going to tell you that the minute you get an MBA you are guaranteed a job, because it's just not so,' Smith said. "But employers do tend to lean towards an applicant who holds an MBA.

Smith stressed to the students that a higher education is effective in today's world

"In the '80s where computers are taking over and students are exposed to so much technology, it is wise to have as much education as you can," she said.

All panelists agreed that there are barriers prohibiting minority students

cial aid procedures and scores on entrance exams are just a few

'When you're thinking about an

#### By Geneva Bland

Columbia Radio major Troy Skinner recently became the first student to receive a monetary award from the American Federation of Television and Radio Artists (AFTRA).

Skinner was presented a \$500 check by Herbert Neuer, Executive Secretary of AFTRA's Chicago Chapter.

"He wrote the best thesis presenta tion and therefore we decided he should receive a stipend," Neuer said.

The scholarship was established by AFTRA in memory of one of its former members, Eleanor Engle, who died last year

"This competition will be an annual event." Neuer said. "Right now the scholarship is \$500 but it's possible it could be raised next year."

The topic of the contest paper was "Unionisms in Radio and Television Broadcasts." The paper had to be 2500

Continued on Page 2



Panelist Allan Smith discussed the advantages of pursuing an MBA degree, during a forum aimed at increasing the number of minorities in the nagement field.

MBA, you should fill out a financial aid form as soon as possible because the application takes roughly one year to be processed and passed through the per-spective schools," said Jeanne Thompson, director of Admissions and Financial Aid at Northwestern University.

Though the barriers make some students reluctant about the degree, others who decide to pursue it soon learn that vith higher education, greater responsibility comes with it.

When I received my MBA, employers expected me to be some sort of an expert in calculus, chemistry and computer literacy. I knew nothing about those things. Looking back, I wish I would've taken them," said panelist Luis Nieto from Harvard University

Courses that should be taken before a student pursues a degree, are the latter. If a perspective MBA student has not taken a course in computers or math. they would have a harder time while trying to pursue their studies

In addition to sharpening skills in science and mathematics, when looking for a school, a student should "make sure that what the school does is the mainstream of what you want to accomplish," according to Edward Mosser, assistant dean in Placement at the Graduate School of Industrial Administration at Carnegie-Mellon University in Pennsylvania

Mosser stated that an MBA has become a valuable degree that is wanted Continued on Page 3



Troy Skinner, the first winner of an award trom AFTRA received a \$500 scholarship for his 3,000 word essay.

U2 storms the Horizon PAGE 6

Views

Inside

dance the night away at the dance party at the Blackstone.

McGill explained why he wanted to get

"The Art students just wanted an opfrom pursuing an MBA. Lengthy finan-

Around 10 p.m. those in attendance

for the event hopes that through the 'Class Bash" students will gain a sense of community.

to realize there's some sort of community here," she said, "because as a commuter school it's really difficult to feel like you're a real school.'

for comment.

**Sports** 

Locker Room

Lines

is back

PAGE 8

Student wins \$500 AFTRA Award

## **News Briefs**

Dance Center to feature Bob Eisen and Robin Lakes

The Columbia Dance Center 4730 N. Sheridan Rd., will feature choreographers, "Bob Eisen and Robin Lakes", as part of the Dance Columbia Two Series from Nov. 6 through Nov. 14. For more information, call 271-7928

#### The Art Institute hosts "National Portfolio Day"

The school of the Art Institute at Columbus Drive and Jackson Boulevard, will sponsor the 15th annual National Portfolio Day, Sunday Nov. 8 from 11 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Representatives from 50 art schools will be available to discuss programs, portfolios, and housing and tuition

The event is free and open to all high school and college art students, instructors, counselors and parents. Students may bring their portfolios to be critiqued.

For more information, call 443-3717.

#### The Body Politic Theatre introduces "Rough Crossings"

The Body Politic Theatre, 2261 N. Lincoln Ave, .will introduce "Rough Crossing" Nov. 12 at 7:30 p.m. and will run through Dec. 13.

"Rough Crossing" takes place on a transatlantic liner where the cast of a Broadway-bound musical try to rehearse despite stormy seas and stormier scenes

Low-priced preview tickets will be on sale Nov. 6 for \$11. Regular ticket prices range from \$15-\$19. Discount parking is available at Children's Memorial Hospital Garage

For ticket information. call 871-3000

#### Civic Center extends "It's a Dog's Life"

"It's a Dog's Life." has been extended through Nov. 29 at the Civic Center for the Performing Arts, 20 N. Wacker Dr. due to increased ticket sales

The story centers around a young computer consultant who blames the neighbors barking dog for the bizarre chain of events that muddle his life. Tickets will be available Mon. Oct. 26 at all Ticketmaster outlets or by

calling 902-1500. Tickets may also be purchased at the Civic Opera House Box Office Mon.-Sat. 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.

For more information and ticket prices, call 346-0270 ext.722.

## **Scholarships** and Opportunities

SHOOTING STAR REVIEW: Non-profit literary magazine seeks original work for publication. The Review features original and classic short fiction, poetry, essays and book reviews. Contact Sandra Gould Ford, Editor; 7123 Race Street, Pittsburgh, PA 15208. (412/731-7039).

The NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS announces the Dance Program deadlines; Choreographer's Fellowships - December 14, 1987; Dance/ Film/Video grants, November 17, 1987. Choreographer's fellowships of \$7,000, \$10,000 and \$15,000, support creative development of professional choreographers. Dance/Film/Video grants provide project support to both organizations and individuals. Guidelines: Dance Program, NEA; 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington DC 20506. (202/682-5435)

National Institute for Music Theater offers project grants for singers. Grants range from \$150-\$1,000. Contact National Institute for Music Theater, Kennedy Center; Washington, DC 20566. (202/965-2800)

National Science Foundation/ Grad Research Fellowships for Minority Students. Deadline November 13, 1987. For information and materials write to: Fellowship Office, National Research Council; 2101 Constitution Ave; Washington, DC 20418. (202/334-2872)

(The above information has been provided by the Office of Career Planning and Professional Placement. For further details concerning the internships and opportunities list, contact Monica Weber Grayless in the Career Services office, Room 607, main building.)

## Student wins award

#### Continued from Page 1

words or more, and the contest was open only to Columbia students in radio with a non-paying internship.

The first time Skinner heard about the competition he felt he couldn't put the time into writing a 2500 word paper.

Though he works three part-time jobs and holds an internship, Skinner managed to squeeze out 50 hours to do research and produce a 3,000 word thesis titled "Organized Labor for All in the Broadcast Industry."

'My paper wasn't necessarily in keeping with the rules that they im-posed," Skinner said. "My paper was on the history of broadcast unionism. what it's done in the past, what it's doing right now and what I expect it to do in\* the future.

Skinner admitted it was nice to have received a check, but the knowledge and experience gained from the research is an asset to him also.

"It was almost like taking a free class, an independent project type thing," he said. "Even if I hadn't gotten paid. I still learned as you would in any class

The money will be used to help pay Skinner's tuition.

"I'm getting a student loan, but that doesn't cover it all. Even with my jobs. it's still hard to pay for school," Skinner said

AFTRA is a nationwide labor union for those who perform on radio or tele vision. It covers all on-air television reporters and performers on union based TV stations including ABC, CBS, and some independent stations.

A poll conducted in September, 1987, found a majority of Americans don't believe colleges are still a good value for the money. Group Attitudes Corporation, a re-

search organization, found that the number of Americans who think the overall quality of higher education in the United States is good or excellent has declined in recent years

Such sentiments make it harder to get funding from Congress and state legis-

Still, the criticisms are not unwelcome on campuses.

"Higher education is certainly not a basket case," said Donald Gerth, president of the University of California at Sacramento, "but every generation we need to look at education." "I interpret the whole atmosphere of

the last five or six years as a sign of society's recognition that education is critical," observed Father William Sullivan, president of Seattle University.

"An educated populace is buying and reading these books." Hochstein said of the recent bestsellers. "That in itself says something about the success of American higher education.

There's plenty right about American higher education, others assert. "Since I left Washington in 1985,"

said Terrel H. Bell, President Reagan's first Secretary of Education and now a professor at the University of Utah, "I've been able to look at education quite carefully. I believe the criticism is quite healthy, but we really do have a big advantage in our outstanding higher education system."

'As a nation, we haven't paid enough attention to our schools, maintained. "We need a dramatic intervention to set things right."

Bell, who toured Japan, Holland China and other nations after leaving his Education Department post, con-cluded, "We're quite supreme."

We also have a tremendous community college system that meets vocational and academic needs," Bell said. "There's opportunity for every kind of student."

As proof U.S. campuses tend to be better than their counterparts in other lands. Hochstein noted, "Foreign students flock to our campuses. We offer something special, something for everybody.'

Some of those now resentful of the education-bashing contributed to it.

Hochstein's Carnegie Foundation has authored numerous reports critical of how colleges teach. Bell was officially a co-author of the 1983 "Nation At Risk" report that some say started the avalanche of criticism.

Seattle's Sullivan signed the September "open letter" to campus chiefs.

So, not surprisingly, they concede the critics have been correct about some things. "We went too far in loosening the curriculum requirements," said Chancellor Robert Corrigan of the University of Massachussetts-Boston. "We need to return to a more strictly defined curriculum to avoid fractionalization.

Students were leaving with lopsided curricula," Hood's Church said. "We need to regain some cohesiveness.

# Hulse promotes internships

students to fill

out internship applications no later than mid-semester.

s its new Internship Coordinator.

Mass Media and Journalism" and "Inerpretive Reporting," feels that the inernship program has a lot to offer Coimbia students.

get internships," Hulse said. As the program's new coordinator

As students become increasingly vell qualified, we need to encourage employers to offer salaries or stipends o attract the best students," she explained.

Hulse also outlined the advantages of

'It gives you a line of real work expeience to put on your resume, so you can say you've worked in the field. It also gives you an upperhand as newly minted graduates in Journalism," she

a dry run in the job application proce and to learn from evaluation what are the student needs to improve in witho the risk of being fired

Hulse would like more students to be aware and take advantage of the intern ships available

'Employers are eager to have Columbia students train with them," sh said. "The Journalism Department ha more than 50 internships available an rarely more than 15 students apply.

"Journalism is one of the most difficult professions with more qualified people than positions available. Stu dents must have something different t make them stand out. A Journalism ed ucation is incomplete without an interr ship," Hulse said.

In order to get an internship, student must be at least a junior with a 3.0 grade point average (GPA). In some instance a student can have close to a 3.0 GPA overall, but must have at least a 3 GPA in journalism courses.

Hulse suggests that transfer student take classes for at least one semester be fore applying for an internship. The deadline for adding an internship is usu ally no later than two weeks after a se mester begins.

Carolyn Hulse, journalism internship coordinator, urges

Hulse, who teaches "Introduction to

"My main responsibility is to help he students put together resumes, set ip interviews and help students arrange

Hulse would like students to seriously think about internships. In addition to her plans Hulse also wants to lighten the financial burden of internships.

etting an internship.

id. Hulse feels that getting an internship is the perfect way to test theory, undergo

rather than substantive, image-creating rather than serious debate. I'm all for a higher accountability, but some of the

COLUMBIA CHRONICLE



(CPS) - Education-bashing has be-

- while grateful for the attention -

Since 1983 - when the Carnegie

Foundation and the U.S. Dept. of Edu-

cation issued separate, widely influen-

tial reports criticizing American higher

education groups, associations and pub-

lishers have been releasing other cri-

States, the American Council on Edu-

cation, the Holmes Group, the National

Education Association, the National

Council on State Legislatures, among

literally dozens of others, all have con-

tributed still more "reports" to the fad

As of Oct. 26 when the "Educational

Excellence Network" released a report

blasting American history textbooks as

"dull," two books criticizing colleges

more generally were on the bestseller

Two weeks before that, 37 college

presidents sent an "open letter" to their

colleagues, asking them to champion

school reform" measures to improve

Since 1983, reports have savaged the

state of college teaching programs, col-

lege ethical instruction, student materi-

alism, disrepair in campus research

labs, administrative bureaucracies and

virtually every other aspect of Ameri-

beginning to strike some educators as

overstated," said Prof. Stephen Brookfield of Columbia University Teachers

The avalanche of reports, however, is

"The extent of the problem is vastly

We may well need to improve." added University of California - Santa

Barbara Chancellor Barbara Uehling,

The Education Commission of the

tiques at a dizzying rate.

in recent months.

teacher education.

can higher education.

that could be improved."

formed their curricula.

ing these issues."

higher education.

to the success of Allan Bloom's "The

Closing of the American Mind" and E.D. Hirsch's "Cultural Literacy,"

which argue that colleges don't teach

students basic knowledge, "but there's

no doubt educators have been address-

Some of the criticisms are unjusti-

fied," agreed Hood College President

Martha Church. "We're trying to pre-

pare students for the future, but they're

Indeed, there's some evidence all the

criticisms is croding public support for

663-1600

x343

making it difficult for us to do so

excessive.

College

all."

lists.

come a national fad, and campus lead-

say they're beginning to resent it.



Place your classified today! Call

#### NEWS

# Polish journalist a victim of censorship

#### By Karen Brody

For a man who has endured the consequence of censorship behind bars and has suffered the painful repercussions an anti-semitic society. Maciej Kozlowski shows no indication of remorse.

Kozlowski, a Poland native and journalist for Tygodnik Powszechny, a weekly newspaper in Poland, described his experiences as part of the process of pursuing freedom of speech.

"Every decent person should spend some time in prison in Poland." he explained. "It's good for you."

He feels no vengance toward the Polish government. He said flatly, "I knew the risk I was taking.

He added that to be imprisoned in Poland doesn't trigger the negative connotations that imprisonment in the United States tends to. He explained rather it signifies courage and strength.

When you come out of prison you're treated like a national hero." he

boasted. While attending the Warsaw School of Journalism, Kozlowski, returning from a mountain-climbing trip, was accused of being a Jew and forced to leave the school. This, he explained, was the result of a heavy anti-semitic campaign that erupted in 1968 following student rioting.

As a result, Kozlowski left Poland for France. Later, on a trip to Czechoslovakia, he was apprehended while attempting to smuggle Western books into Poland. His intention was to reproduce the books on underground presses in Poland and later disseminate them in Czechoslovakia

Kozlowski served two and a half years of his five-year sentence in prison. He attributes his early release to an easing of government control in the years following Stalin's death and that the release of political prisoners eased growing tensions stemming from student rioting for freedom of speech.

Kozlowski described the five years that followed as difficult. He was forced to publish his writing under the



Polish journalist, Maciej Kozlowski, described censorship as a dying institution when he addressed students and faculty members on Oct. 21 at the Hokin Center.

names of other writers when editors were discouraged by government officials from publishing his work.

With help for the editor of "Kultura" magazine, Kozlowski slowly infiltrated the market publishing freely under his own name. Cautious not to stir controversy, he wrote a book on ghosts and an 'Alamanac of Beauties" a history of beautiful women in Poland.

He eventually took a staff position with Tygodnik Powszechny.

Kozlowski is temporarily living in San Francisco with his wife and sixyear-old daughter. Since being named a Fulbright lecturer, he has traveled extensively to U.S. universities addressing the topic of censorship in Poland.

While attending Northwestern University for a brief time in 1987. Kozlowski studied Journalism. His exténsive knowledge of Eastern Europe, led to a lecturing position in the Political Science Department there.

Kozlowski said he discovered an unusual way of teaching at Northwestern's Medill School of Journalism.

"They have too many rules that restrict a writer's creativity," he said. "We don't have those types of restrictions in Poland schools. The concentration on writing news objectively creates dull news.

Kozlowski said that in Poland discussion, rather than news, is their main source of concentration

He also described his disappointment in U.S. newspapers.

"They are always seeking the unu-sual such as crime," he explained. "Poles have the misconception that the United States is a very dangerous place. I tell people 'if you want to know about the United States, don't read the newspapers.

Kozlowski also finds the coining of ideas'and people as "liberal or conservative" confusing.

"Liberal means something completely different in Poland. It means freedom of speech and the press," he said. "Here it means something completely different. How do you really define liberal or conservative?" he asked. "Isn't the marriage of gays, the marriage of priests and abortion all progressive movements?"

Citing an example of highlighting

news rather than issue he was disappointed that the gays received more news coverage in San Francisco than the Pope did on his recent visit

Kozlowski explained that although the newspaper he writes for concentrates primarily in discussing issues, three or four Poland papers cover news exclusively.

The length of those newspapers usually doesn't exceed four pages though, he said.

In total, Kozlowski said there are 2,643 legitimate newspapers and magazines, three of which are school newspapers. In addition, there are more than 1,000 underground publications, according to Kozlowski.

All 2,643 legitimate publications come under the scrutiny of government censorship and distribution limitations.

However, Kozlowski downplayed the crippling effect of censorship in Poland when he addressed Columbia students and faculty members at the Hokin Center on Oct. 21.

He described censorship as a bargaining tool.

We've got a very important tool to play with-censorship because we can appeal to the government. now Kozlowski declared. He described the process as "strange and exotic."

Explaining the government's dislike of the limelight, Kozlowski said that publicity may be used as a deterrent to censorship.

"If a writer threatens to take a case to court the government will usually back down to avoid public embarrassment," he said. "Often it is hard for them to explain why they confiscated material."

"What is happening in Poland is important to the whole Eastern Bloc, Kozlowski said. He described the power of communication as contagious." He added that the power of the underground press also works as a deadening effect on censorship.

According to Kozlowski, the underground press leaks information to the West for air on radio causing embarrassment to officials in the Eastern bloc. This encourages officials to publicize political information more readily.

"It is not a problem of external censorship," he explained. "It is internal." Kozlowski said that news coverage outside of the Eastern bloc is extensive in Poland

As if taking part in a game of wits, Kozlowski poked fun at the loopholes he's discovered in the system

"For instance, we cannot discuss (in print) martial law because certain areas of Polish history are closed. But we can discuss martial law from interviews 100 years ago," he said laughing. "So you see, there are ways around it.

A very important contributor to the liberation of censorship has been the "Catholic Press," according to Kozlowski. He said that their strength has brought about such change as the use of "Christ" in print.

In closing, Kozlowski said the government no longer hides behind lies.

"The veil has been lifted." he said. At one time the government pretended their policies were the wishes of the workers. Now they tell us outright, 'we know you don't like it, we know you hate us, but we have the power."

Continued from Page 1

by many. Over the years there has been an increase in students who receive them.

"In 1960, 200 schools graduated 17,000 students with financed MBA's." she said. "In 1987 there are more than 800 schools granting an MBA degree and almost 80,000 graduates

The importance of setting a goal before you enter the program, was mentioned by the majority of the panelists.

"Employers pay a lot of money to people with MBA's, they have the highest salaries within the companies," Mosser said. "But money wouldn't be a determining factor with your education. You can't say MBA today and BMW tomorrow, and live for that thought."

Students were entertained throughout Mosser's speech, which seemed to be effective.

Students corresponded amongst themselves and with professionals from 111 schools.

There is a demand for minority MBA's right now," said Pam Anderson, president of the Chicago Chapter of the National Black MBA Association. "The degree can mean the difference between a good career path and an exceptional one and I think the great response we've gotten here today, Minorities are beginning to realize it. The forum sparked many questions

from the audience who waited in anticipation.

"I never knew how to go about pursuing my MBA degree, but I know now," said Renee Bailey, a senior at Illi-nois State University. "This workshop has really answered a lot of my questions."

Anderson as well as the speakers, felt that minorities are not getting all the information they need on MBA degrees and how to pursue them

Minorities were lacking knowledge of the value of management education. so we (GMAC&NBMBA) decided to join forces and inform them," said GMAC President William Broesamle.

The National Black MBA Association is a non-profit professional organization comprised of 1,800 black business people in 19 chapters nationwide, that seeks to increase minority opportunities in business.

GMAC is also a non-profit organization of'81 graduate schools of business from across the nation.

The National Black MBA Association (NBMBA) in conjunction with the Graduate Management Admission Council (GMAC), coordinated the seminars.

joint effort of informing minorities Panelists presented forums nationwide. Kenneth Keeley of Ohio State University. "There are excellent opportunities out there for minorities and a lot of them feel that it's not real and are afraid of the thought. That's why we (the panel) have to reach out to them and let them know we're here to ease their minds," Keeley

Last year was the organization's first "This year we've expanded to 10," said



## **Classifieds Opportunities**

market low cost high quality travel programs. Earn extra money and free trips while gaining valuable business experience. Call Nancy at 1-800-558-3002 for more information.

home! Write: P.O. Box 17, Clark, NI 07066

ket Research Interviewing. Phone work only – NO SELLING. clear speech and diction a must. Days or Eve. Weekend hours available

COMPETITIVE PAY. EVANSTON AND OAK PARK LOCATIONS. Call 9 am-4 pm, Monday - Friday. Equal Opportunity Employer

m/f/h/v

Randolph Street Gallery Invites Artists to submit proposals for projects in all media, including painting, video, sculpture, photo, mixed. Individual projects and group applications considered. Emphasis on quality of commitment and development of ideas. Send slides, resume, and SASE to RSG, 756 N. Milwaukee, Chicago, IL 60622. (312) 666-7737

PERFORMANCE AND INTER-MEDIA ARTISTS - Proposals now being accepted for RSG's live event/performance program. Write or phone for proposal form/info to Randolph Street Gallery, 756 N. Milwaukee, Chicago, IL 60622. (312) 666-7737

Free trip to Daytona plus commission money. Going to Florida? Go for free. Take advantage of promoting the #1 Spring Break Trip. If interested call Designer's of Travel 1-800-453-9074. Immediately!!!

Personals

Bill To err is human but just don't do it again. Jill

Lisa Kathleen & Julie

"It's people like you who make U2 the #1 band in the world." Keep the faith and be proud that you

understand.

Thanks for letting a real fan in on the celebration. MTK

M.P. — It's about time you grew up. Now that you're a woman, get a woman's job. We love you HAPPY 21st!

-US- (the gang)

Wanted: Campus representative to

said.

\*Typists\* - Hundreds weekly at

GREAT PART TIME JOB! - Mar-

CONVENIENT WE'RE FIGHTING FOR YOUR LIFE American Heart Association 864-7160

#### COLUMBIA CHRONICLE

## Bork clone chosen

After the Senate's 58-42 rejection of Judge Robert Bork to the Supreme Court recently, one would have thought Reagan would have gotten the message.

The Senate's just not going to approve someone with such conservative views. So what did Reagan do? He went out and picked another conservative, a young one at that, with views similar to those of Bork

Enter Douglas Ginsburg.

Ginsburg, a federal appeals court judge in the District of Columbia, is Reagan's latest nominee to the highest court in the land.

Aside from his young age of 41. Ginsburg has had very little constitutional law experience. He has reportedly never practiced private law and has served as a federal appeals judge only a year. His resume does include time spent as the Justice Department's top antitrust lawyer but that's not enough to warrant him a seat on the Supreme Court.

In the days following the Ginsburg nomination, reports delving into his past have surfaced. Last week The Associated Press revealed that while working for the Justice Department. Ginsburg personally handled a Supreme Court case which extended First Amendment protection to cable television operators. And on June 2, 1986, the Supreme Court included Ginsburg's arguments in a decision regarding the same case

At the time, Ginsburg thought it to be one of his proudest achievements but nov it may prove to be one of his biggest downfalls.

Also revealed in that same AP story was the fact that while Ginsburg was

handling the cable TV case, he simultaneously had almost \$140,000 invested in a Canadian cable television corporation Although criminal conflict of interest laws were not violated, ethics experts are debating the matter. While the final Supreme Court decision had no bearing on the Canadian cable company directly, they may possibly benefit eventually from the ruling

Whether it did benefit them or will, remains to be seen. But one thing is for sure, Ginsburg has just gotten up to bat and already he has one strike against him. And if other similarities to Bork continue, Reagan's going to have to find someone else to fill his lineup of Supreme Court nominees



## **Concerts not worth** scalpers' tickets

"I have spoken with the tongue of angels. I have held the hand of the devil," are the words sung by a man who is not ashamed to admit his numerous opened his eyes and is now a great influence on the youth of the world.

Rock stars such as U2's Bono, are not always taken seriously about what they say, but quite often the subjects they confront become major issues. We have gone through generations of youth movements shaped with the help of Bob Dylan, John Lennon, Bob Marley, Joan Bacz, Bob Geldof and others. The issues have included major international conflicts like war, justice and hunger. The problems have always existed, but remained untouched until the stars spoke out.

We have a new issue that hits everyone each time a band comes to town or the Bears play at home. It hits us hard in the wallets. It's a major international conflict that has always existed, but remained untouched until Bono spoke out.

Ticket scalping. We've all done it and will continue to do it as long as our favorite football teams and bands exist. It's such a force that it's a vice. It's illegal and unethical. We are the victims and all of us who participate in it are hurting ourselves.

We are all very loyal to some sort of a bandwagon, but we can only offer our idols the face value of the tickets. The rest of the money a fan pays a scalper goes into the scalper's pockets.

It's well understood that many times a fan must wake up early on a weekend morning on short notice and wait in a long line for tickets. Sometimes they have to camp out in cold weather to get any tickets, much less the best ones. A lot of fans cannot feasibly make it to the ticket outlet

But too many fans are paying too high prices to the scalpers who are willing to wait in the ticket lines. They buy the tickets in mass quantities and sell them either to other scalpers or straight to the fans

Groups such as the E Street Band, U2 and the Jacksons have taken meas stop scalping by regulating ticket sales, but nothing has worked. Like any other major conflict, the solution must be based on the principles of the people and not on the authority of the leaders.

The bottom line is, are these performers worth the price?

Bono, a band member himself, admits that they aren't. A true fan would have to agree. After all, buying scalped tickets only encourages the practice.

Make a choice. If you want the scalpers to remain rich, keep paying them Spend \$30 for the next big concert and you may wind up spending even more the next time around

If you don't, make them earn their income, rather than paying them for camping

600 S. Michi Main Bldg	Columbia Chronicle 600 S. Michigan Ave. Main Bldg. B-106 Chicago, IL 60605			
Advisor	Les B			
Editor-In-Chief	Penny			
Managing Editor	Gene			
News Editor	Kare			
Features Editor	Kathleen			
Sports Editor	Matthew			
Photo Editor	Tom H			
Entertainment Page Editor	Rich Goo			
Editorial Cartoonist	Pau			
Advertising Representative	Chuck			
Circulation Manager	Dor			
Reporters:				
Lee Bey	Renee Grav			
Tanya Bey	Lynn Pausti			
Contract Plant and Plant and Plant	A LIGEL & BERRINES			

Josephine Gibson

rownlee Mateck va Bland en Brody Misovic **Kissane** oloubek odfriend ul Russel Nichols a Moore

10% ian Victoria Pierce Letricia Riley

The Columbia Chronicle is a student-run newspaper published weekly and released on Monday. Views expressed in this newspaper are not necessarily those of the advisor or the college All opinions meant for publication should be sent to the Chronicle in the form of a typewritten letter-to-the-editor.

## Photo Poll Do you pay your parking tickets?



Danny Robles Sophomore Theatre/T V

'I don't have 50 or 60 tickets like a lot of people do. I haven't gotten around to paying them because when I have money I spend it on other things. Pay ing a parking ticket can come later on. I'll get a letter in the mail and I'll pay it then, when they get mad. I get them a

> E. Todd Wilson Senior Radio





John Kyisfad Sophomore Advertising I got a parking ticket the other day and m not going to pay it. They charge too much for tickets and I don't think they'll try and come after me because I'm a resident of Wisconsin

Mike Krause Senior Radio "I've got plenty of tickets from the last three years here and I really don't plan to pay them. I applied for the amnesty program but I never got anything in the

mail and now I'm getting letters saying

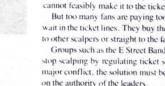
I've got to pay these tickets



The Chronicle will reserve space each week for reader commentary. Letters should be 250 words or less.

# lot for parking by fire hydrants.

"I probably have over 20 mostly for ex pired meter parking in the alley. I'll pay them when I get amnesty. Other than that if they start the Denver boot then I'll stop driving and start taking the train



#### FEATURES

#### COLUMBIA CHRONICLE

November 9, 1987 PAGE 5

# Producer's films dramatize human triumphs and tragedies

#### By Letricia Riley

Whether fiction or nonfiction, spoken or written. Jim Martin, film and television producer/director, likes to tell stories "about people: how they live and communicate."

Martin, 42. who is also director of the Urban Culture and Documentary Program at Columbia College, has been involved in film and television production for 19 years.

Martin advises students who want to succeed as film or television producers "to remain students your whole life, keep an open mind and try to learn as you go along."

Even when Martin is teaching his courses at Columbia he admits that he "still feels like a student."

In addition to his teaching responsibilities. Martin produces films and documentaries which greatly involve individuals from Columbia.

"Wrapped in Steel." which won best National Network Documentary award at the 1984 Chicago International Film Festival, relied on Columbia president Mike Alexandroff, and John Mulvany. Columbia's chairman of the Art and Photography Departments as academic consultants for the nationally aired PBS documentary.

Written by Martin and Columbia history teacher Dominic Pacyga, "Wrapped in Steel" deals with the "history. tradition, values, politics and lifestyles of urban working class people" on Chicago's southeast side. The documentary was nominated for four Emmy awards.

Martin is currently at work on a timely documentary on a different group of people, tenants of public housing. The film will feature the plight of residents of Cabrini Green and Ida B. Wells public housing complexes in Chicago. Cochran Gardens in St. Louis, Mo, and others.

Cochran Gardens has experienced a massive change, that has actually made "people want to live there." Martin said. The buildings have been remodeled into balconied highrises.

The new image for Cochran Gardens came when tenants banded together, with one purpose in mind: to reward themselves with more confortable surroundings in which to reside. While in the midst of producing and directing the documentary on public housing's people and their culture, Martin is also making way for a fictional movie titled." The Long Run."

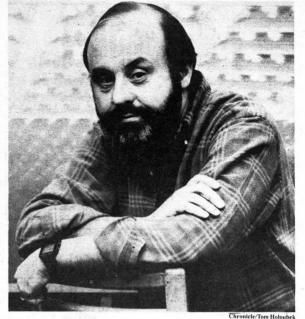
"The Long Run," written by Martin and Mike Niederman, one of Columbia's Television faculty, is a movie about two men, Nick, a lawyer in his mid 30's, and Arnie, an artist in his early 40's who decide to run approximately 18 miles from their home in Oak Park to Chicago's lakefront, again, on Labor Day.

"The movie picks up after they had tried the trek the year before," Martin said, During their run, they discuss their dreams and realities.

Half way to their destination, where there families are waiting to meet them, they both become frustrated and anxious. Pressure causes them to take it out on one another.

Nick decides to quit but Arnie vows to keep going. His determination changes Nick's mind, and Nick catches up with Arnie and finishes the race.

Although this is a fictional story, it is still a passage to take the viewer through the sights, sounds, people and times



Jim Martin's current documentary focuses on life in St. Louis and Chicago housing projects.

that make up Chicago and typify America, according to Martin.

All of the actors and actresses are from Chicago and were chosen by casting director Connie Smith, a Columbia student.

People behind the scenes and cameras include Columbia alumni Greg Birdsell, assistant camera man, and Paul Martinez assistant producer.

Martin enjoys his work and wants to continue his feat in Chicago and at Columbia, making residents of Chicago and students and alumni a definite part of his plans for future productions.

# **Bidders stream to Chicago charity banner auction**

BANNER AUCTION FRIOT 3D





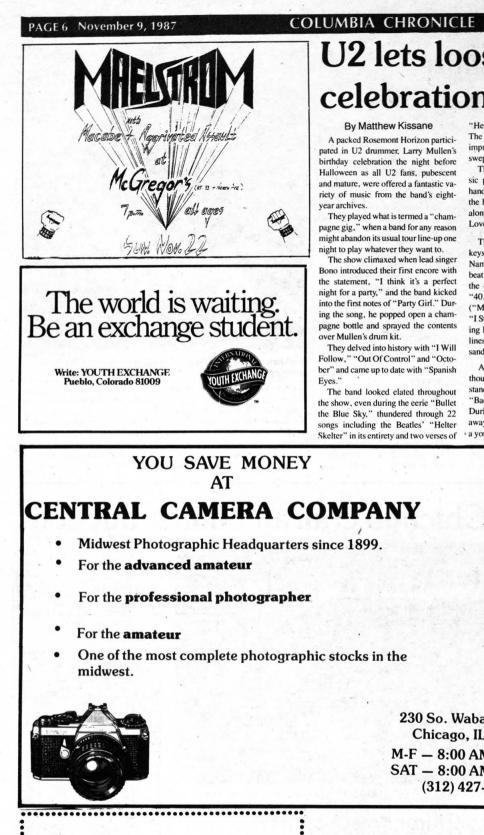
More than 100 people gathered at the Daley Center Friday, October 30 for Chicago's annual Banner Auction Included in the many sold were five personally autographed by Bears' coach Mike Ditka. Another, signed by Elizabeth Taylor advertising her passion perfume, sold for more than \$500. The banners have been displayed throughout the downtown area for the past year. All proceeds were donated to a local charity.







Photos By Tom Holoubek



# U2 lets loose in champagne celebration for Horizon fans

"Help!" as as tribute to John Lennon. The rest of the songs were U2 originals improvised as strong waves of emotion swept over the audience.

The crowd was treated to fill-in music preceding U2's entrance that was hand-picked by the band. Standing with the house lights on, the audience sang along to Lennon's "All You Need is Love," blasting from the speakers.

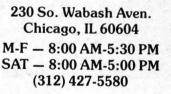
The lights went out as the opening keys to "Where the Streets Have No Name" slowly built up to a thunderous beat that didn't settle until the voices of the crowd faded out after the finale. "40." Just as the band would slow down ("MLK," "October" and a sing-along "I Still Haven't Found What I'm Looking For") it followed up with a Zeppelinesque roar accompanied by thousands of back up singers.

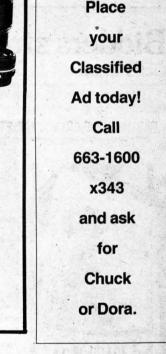
As the show went on, it seemed as though the band had passed by such standards as "New Year's Day" and "Bad," but they played them in full. During the lilting, "Bad," Bono threw away his microphone and waltzed with a young lady he lured on stage.

Dedications were made throughout as Bono introduced the couplet of "MLK" and "The Unforgettable Fire." with a plug for Chicago's Peace Museum. "Sunday Bloody Sunday." the dirge written for the eleven Derry women and children slain by British constables in the early '70s, was dedicated in strong fraternalism to Irish-Americans.

Although almost every song from the "Joshua Tree" LP was played. it was the most overpowering performance U2 has put on since the "War" tour, when they were called the "Led Zeppe-lin of the '80's" and compared to the Clash. Somehow Bono and the band were able to keep the crowd singing and dancing to "With or Without You" and "Still Haven't Found" while ignoring old fan favorites like "Seconds," "Glo-"Gloria," and "11 O'Clock Tick Tock."

Another moving aspect of the performance was the reassurance through pieces of songs like Bob Marley's "Exodus" Them's "Gloria" and the Beatles' songs that U2 will not forget their charismatic forefathers.







Where you're likely to see star performers without buying a ticket 21/2 blocks south of the Art Institute

55 East Washington Suite 1318 Chicago, IL 60602 (312) 346-5661						
Ash Kara D.D.S. (312) 346-5272 346-KARA	James K. Willerman D.D. The new patient can receive an ultrasonic cleaning and examination for \$25.00, saving over the normal tee. Cood until 12/1/87.					
time to r	you're about to turn 18, it's egister with Selective Service any U.S. Post Office. It's quick. It's easy.					

#### ENTERTAINMENT COLUMBIA CHRONICLE November 9, 1987 PAGE 7 Lines On The Paper by Chip Talbot March YOU GET OUT OF HIGH SCHOOL THIS IS SO WEIRD ... I ABOUT GO INTO MASSIVE DEBT WORK YOUR 1 WITH STUDENT LOANS AND 15000 WAY UP WORK AS A SLAVE WAITRESS FROM DOLLARS IN A SLEAZY BAR AND GOPHER NEVER HAVE DATES JUST IN TO GET A T.V. DEGREE TO LOANS, MINI-11 WITCH, CAM IN ad YEAH, STILL swith THE SAME WORKING AS AMOUNT OF A EXECUTIVE TIME HUH SECRETARY ... The 4P87 8 WH OU STILL WITH CHANNEL FOI SEE 50 ND WHAT !? THE DIFFERENCE MARTIN AND MARTIN STATE Life Among Pinheads by Paul Russel IVE DONE IT !!! IM FREE! huh?ZADKO! YES, BLOB BUT WHAT ABOUT MY SHADES! ITS ME, THEGHOSTOF YOUR ITS ME, THEGHOSTOF YOUR GLASSES, BLOB, WESTY THE RABBIT, WHOS STRIP YOU'VE LANDED IN AFTER PETE THREW YOU OUT OF "LIFE AMONG PINHEADS" IS PLANNING SOMETHING SCREW YOUR SHADES, GOOD, BUT SUZY YOU DORK, SOME ONE QUICK, HIDE! CHARACTERS AND PLOTS ON THE COMIC PAGE AND PINHEADS WILL 6 66 SUFFERIF 5 FOR YOU 6 TERRIBLE YOU DON'T 2/00 00 ANDYOUR ESCAPE & Ew FRIEND DO SOMETIN 09 ABOUTIT, Sil BLOB, JEEZ.\* WAKE UP! 0 ITSME SUDDENLY CLIK I FEEL ZADKO! TO BE CONTINUE ------

THIS IS CALLED"EXPOSITORY

DIALOGUE

by John Niemann

### **Nick Pariah**







#### COLUMBIA CHRONICLE

# Bears look scary in comeback to spotlight

## Locker Room Lines by Matthew Kissane



Like a lot of other Chicago households, a typical fall Sunday in my home includes ritualistic mini-family gathering in front of the living room television set about noon. The congregation usually includes my parents, a brother or sister and spouse, several little kids, and myself.

If somebody is in the kitchen or in bed at kickoff time, they're usually called several times and made to feel as if they had just committed a crime by missing the start of the Bears' game.

The Kansas City game, however, was more important than most others. Everybody had to be there an hour early to watch the Mike Ditka Show.

On most Sundays, the Ditka show holds no place in our noon ritual. After all, everything the coach has had to say about the previous and upcoming games is already known to the general public. The show is not news, or even a feature, it's a vehicle to get fans involved with the Bears. But most of all, it's a showcase for Mike Ditka and Johnny Morris.

Stardom began the Wednesday before as I stood in line on a seasonably chilly night. My brother-in-law, John, and I walked ahead of my oldest brother. Bill, as we exchanged comments about Ditka and the Bears.

"What are you going to ask the coach?" John asked as a man in a CBS jacket ordered the six people in front of us into the studio.

I had a dozen questions in my head, but I didn't think that they were worth asking. There were too many people wearing either three-piece suits or everything from wristbands to thermal underwear with Bears logos. People were ushered into Studio 1, the site of the first Kennedy-Nixon debate, in groups of six. We were not allowed time to observe the blown-up photo-portraits of Channel 2 personalities or the trophy case in the corridor leading to the studio.

At the door, we were given papers stating that the rights to every last sound we would make inside the studio were given to CBS. The signed contract was our ticket to our first television appearance.

By the time we reached the set, despite being a half-hour early, we couldn't find four consecutive seats so we split up. I was lucky enough to find a seat in the front row at stage right. I sat down next to a cute young woman who smiled at me. Her husband, who looked like he must've been the Bears' final cut, leered at me.

Front row. I couldn't believe it. I could smell Ditka's breath from there. I looked back in the second row at my nervous nephew and smiled. I wished I could switch seats with him, not just because it was more of a thrill for him than it was for me, but also because I was a heck of a lot more nervous.

I was partially relieved and perturbed when a family associated with one of the show's major sponsors came down our aisle looking for front row seats.

"These people are from Pepsi-Cola," a stage director called. "Get some seats up here." I could sense the egos of audience members clashing throughout the room like offensive and defensive lines.

Chairs were set up in front of me and four pre-school children, all clad in orange-and-blue Bears' clothing, filed in. The short wall of kids covered me up about as well as a desktop. I slouched as much as I could, hoping that the kids' head might cover up the missing fourth button on my shirt.

A man came out from behind the fluorescent blue walls at the stage and welcomed the crowd. He gave us the history of the studio, told us how to talk to Ditka, and when to applaud.

Then the big guys came out from some mysterious wall and stepped onto the stage. Morris asked, "Were you guys scared last Sunday?"

The crowd applauded with a mixture of "yeah baby" and "no ways", but one guy immediately peeved Morris by screaming his own comment. "Not when Jim's in there!" Morris just glanced at the fan and told him that he had his eye on him. The taping lasted almost 20 minutes, including about 10 minutes of audience participation. We were basically there as a prop, as we were told when to applaud and exactly how long.

During the questioning, Jeannie Morris worked her way to the frantically waving kids in the first row. She chose the shrimp sitting directly in front of me. The kid had to slide off the seat and land on his feet to stand up. I snuck a peek at the monitor only to see my legs behind the boy.

"Who's going to call the plays," the boy asked the coach, "you or Mike Ditka? - no, no. uh. Jim McMahon?"

Ditka chuckled as the kid turned around with a frown on his face like he was going to start bawling and force them to retape. I wanted to pat him on the head because he had a lot more guts than I did, but I was afraid Morris might snap, making me not want to be seen in public again.

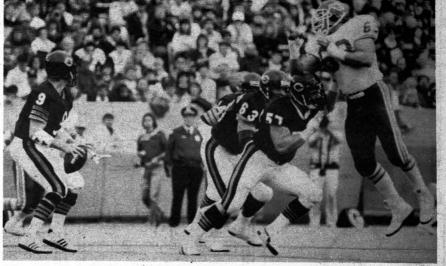
The next Sunday was the first opportunity for my family members and I to be seen on T.V.

I was called out of bed in drill-sergeant manner by my sister, Kathleen, at precisely 11 o'clock. I sat up immediately as the drought of my Halloween hangover took over. The next time I heard, "Come on, Matt, you're missing it" I grabbed a pair of shrunken blue jeans, slipped them on and ran down the stairs to the living room.

There I was met by two sisters, my parents, two nieces, and John. I found a spot on the floor and watched the "Ditka and Morris Rap Show."

Nobody listened to any of the questions or to the answers. We all just watched for a sad little boy. To my surprise, I was on T.V. As the little boy stumbled through his question, the side of my head looking at the monitor was in the middle of the screen. "My head! That's my head!" I excitedly pointed out.

Phone calls followed the show in droves from friends and family. "You're a star," my best buddie Joe said. And to think it was at the expense of an embarrassed child.



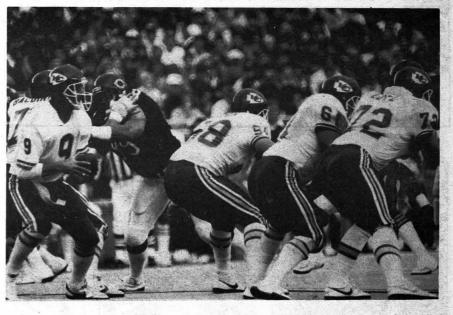


Jim McMahon (top photo) came off injured reserve to lead the sleeping Bears offense to two come-from-behind victories over the Buccaneers and Chiefs, raising their record to 6-1. McMahon, 23 for 34 with 287 yards passing against the Chiefs, made two fourth period throws to Willie Gault for a 31-28 win.

SPORT

Having a low-key season while handing his reins over to Neal Anderson, Walter Payton (middle) still carries the ball for the Bears in his 13th NFL

Photos By Doreen Haaksma The Bears' defense (bottom), who struggled against the Chiefs' offensive line, gave up 28 points. The Bears are still ranked second in the league defensively, having given up 105 points in seven games.



## Weekly Schedule

	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.	SUN.
BEARS		3.00 W.					
BULLS		At ATL 7:00	At NJ 6:30		NJ 7:30	IND 7:30	
HAWKS		3.4.53	DET. 7:30			At MON 7:30	EQM 7:30